





ProLight PBLB-1CQA-TCL 1W UV Power LED Technical Datasheet Version: 1.2

ProLight Opto © PBLB Series

Features

Best thermal material solution of the world
RoHS compliant
View angle 120°
UVA+UVC dual wavelength design.
Inside

Main Applications

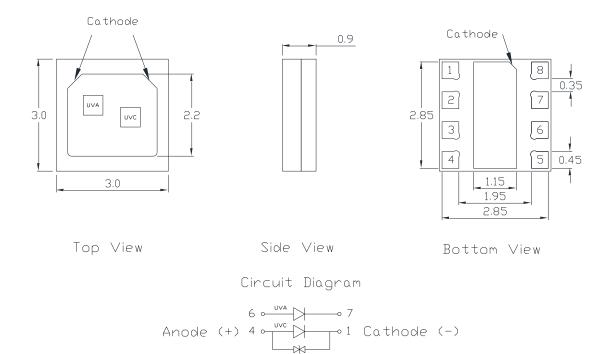
Disinfection, Sterilization
Phototherapy
Fluorescent spectroscopy
Dotection

No. 89, Xiyuan Rd., Zhongli City, Taoyuan County 320, Taiwan (R.O.C.) Tel : +886-3-461-8618 Fax : +886-3-461-8677 www.prolightopto.com 2020/05 DS-1408

We Provide the Light to the world



Emitter Mechanical Dimensions



Notes:

- 1. The cathode side of the device is denoted by the chamfer on the part body.
- 2. Electrical insulation between the case and the board is required. Do not electrically connect either the anode or cathode to the slug.
- 3. Drawing not to scale.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 5. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are $\pm\,0.10\text{mm}.$
- 6. Please do not solder the emitter by manual hand soldering, otherwise it will damage the emitter.
- 7. The UV LED is not protected by a lens and requires careful handling
 - (1) Do not handle the LED with bare hands as it may contaminate the LED surface and affect the optical characteristics.
 - (2) Avoid touching the LED die
- *The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

We Provide the Light to the world



Flux Characteristics, T_J = 25°C

| Radiation Pattern | Color | Part Number Emitter | tter Current | | Radiometric Power (mW) | | Refer Radiometric Power (mW) |
|----------------------|------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| | | | (mA) | Min. | Тур. | (mA) | Typ. |
| Lambertian | UVC UVA | PBLB-1CQA-TCL | 20 20 | 1.5 10 | 2.5 13 | 70 40 | 7.5 40 |

• ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 10% on flux and power measurements.

• Please do not drive at rated current more than 1 second without proper heat sink.

Electrical Characteristics, T_J = 25°C

| Color | Test Current | Forward Voltage V _F (V) | | | Thermal Resistance | |
|-------|--------------|------------------------------------|------|------|-------------------------|--|
| | (mA) | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Junction to Slug (°C/W) | |
| UVC | 20 | 5.0 | 6.8 | 8.0 | 15 | |
| UVA | 20 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 15 | |

• ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 0.1V for Voltage measurements.

Optical Characteristics, T_J = 25°C

| Radiation | Color | Test Current | Pea | Angle | | Viewing Angle (degrees) | |
|------------|------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Pattern | COIOI | (mA) | Min. | Тур. | Max. | θ _{0.90V} | 2 θ _{1/2} |
| Lambertian | UVC UVA | 20 20 | 265 nm 400 nm | 275 nm 405 nm | 280 nm 410 nm | 160 160 | 120 120 |

• ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 3nm for dominant wavelength measurements.

We Provide the Light to the world



Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | UVC | UVA | |
|--|---|-------|--|
| DC Forward Current (mA) | 70 | 40 | |
| Peak Pulsed Current (mA) | 100 | 100 | |
| ESD Sensitivity (HBM per MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.7) | ±4000V | ±500V | |
| LED Junction Temperature | 80°C | | |
| Operating Board Temperature at Maximum DC Forward Current | -40°C - 60°C | | |
| Storage Temperature | -40°C - 85°C | | |
| Soldering Temperature | JEDEC-J-STD-020D | | |
| Allowable Reflow Cycles | 3 | | |
| Reverse Voltage | Not designed to be driven in reverse bias | | |

Peak Wavelength Bin Structure

| Color | Bin Code | Minimum Peak Wavelength (nm) | Maximum Peak Wavelength (nm) |
|-------|-------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| UVC | A B C | 265 270 275 | 270 275 280 |
| UVA | 0 | 400 | 410 |

• ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 3nm for peak wavelength measurements.

Forward Voltage Bin Structure

| Color | Bin Code | Minimum Voltage (V) | Maximum Voltage (V) |
|-------|----------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | A | 5.0 | 5.5 |
| | В | 5.5 | 6.0 |
| | C | 6.0 | 6.5 |
| UVC | D | 6.5 | 7.0 |
| | E | 7.0 | 7.5 |
| | F | 7.5 | 8.0 |

• ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 0.1V for Voltage measurements.

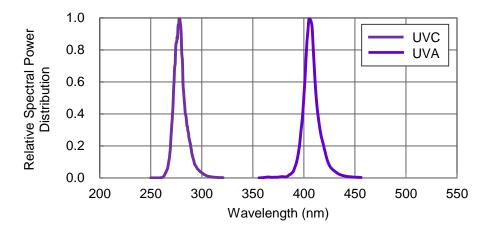
Note: Although several bins are outlined, product availability in a particular bin varies by production run and by product performance. Not all bins are available in all colors.

We Provide the Light to the world



Color Spectrum, T_j = 25°C

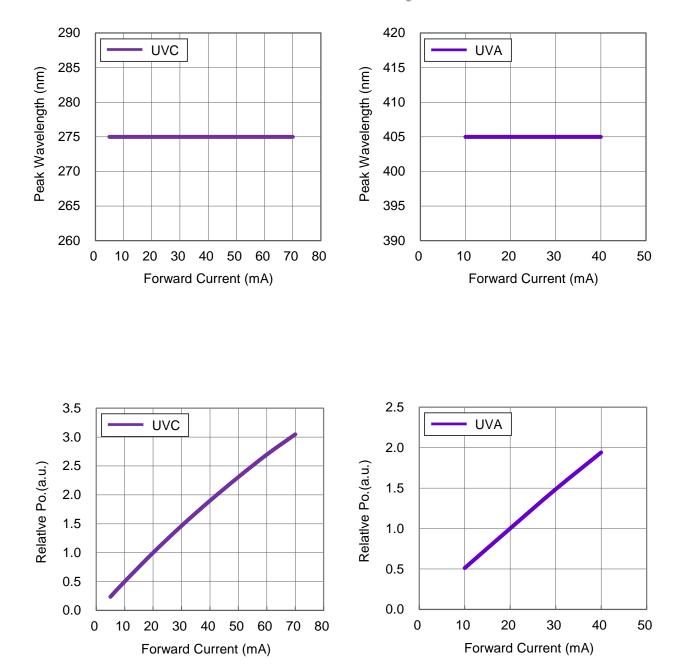
1. UVC, UVA



We Provide the Light to the world



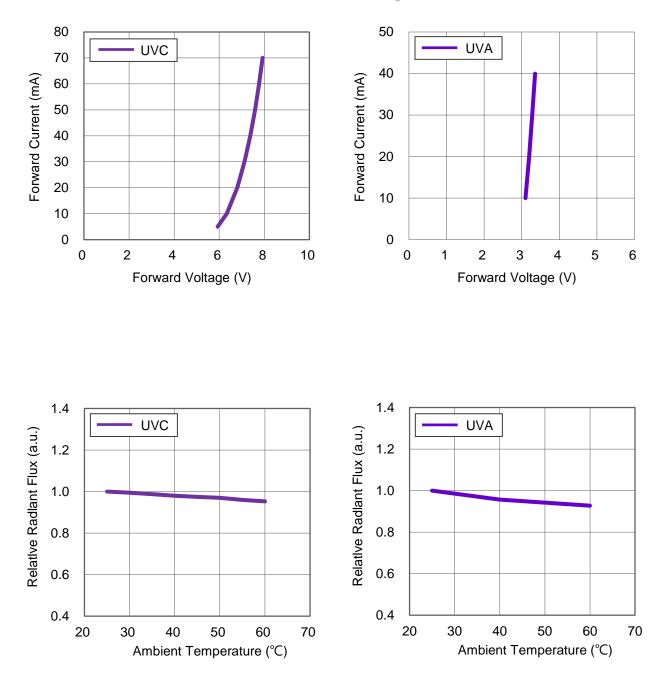
Forward Current Characteristics, T_J = 25°C



We Provide the Light to the world



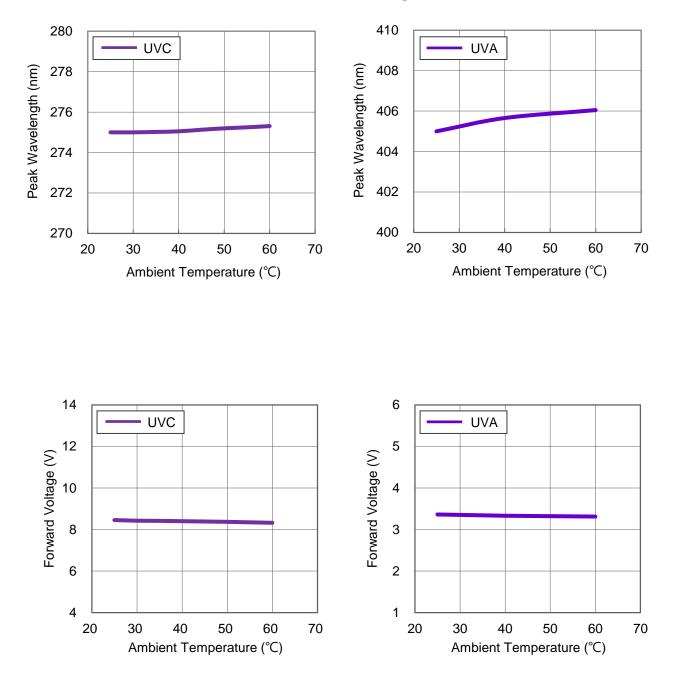
Forward Current Characteristics, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$



We Provide the Light to the world



Forward Current Characteristics, $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

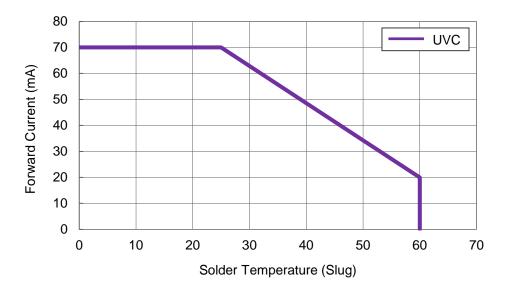


We Provide the Light to the world

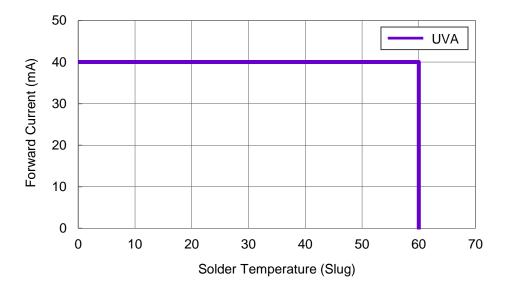


Solder Temperature (Slug) vs. Maximum Forward Current

1. UVC (T_{JMAX} = 85°C)



2. UVA (T_{JMAX} = 85°C)

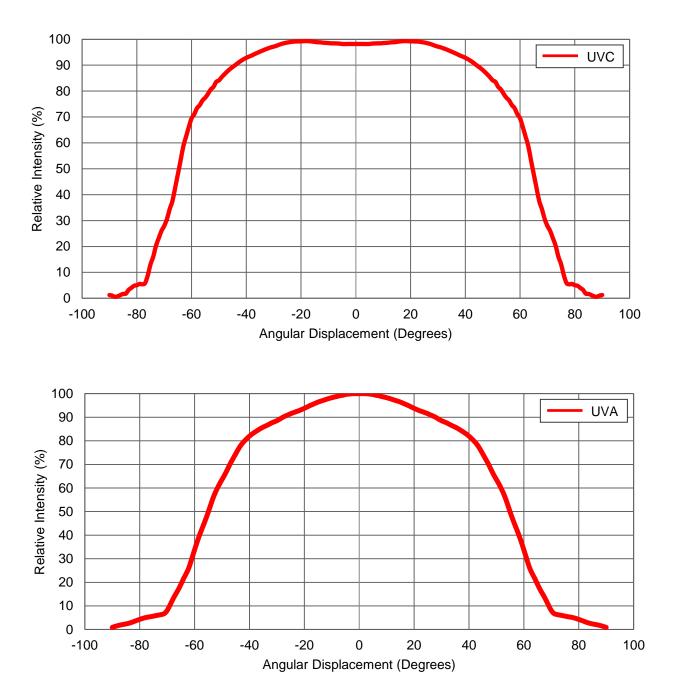


We Provide the Light to the world



Typical Representative Spatial Radiation Pattern

Radiation Pattern



No. 89, Xiyuan Rd., Zhongli City, Taoyuan County 320, Taiwan (R.O.C.) Tel : +886-3-461-8618 Fax : +886-3-461-8677 www.prolightopto.com

We Provide the Light to the world



During Storage

| Conditions | | Temperature | Humidity | Time |
|------------|--------------------------------|-------------|----------|--|
| Storogo | Before Opening Aluminum Bag | 5℃ ~ 30℃ | < 50%RH | Within 1 Year from the Label Date Code |
| Storage | After Opening Aluminum Bag | 5℃ ~ 30℃ | < 60%RH | ≤ 672 hours |
| Baking | | 65 ± 5℃ | < 10%RH | 10 ~ 24 hours |

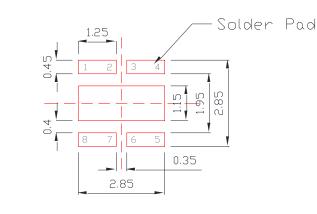
- The standard soak time includes a default value of 24 hours for semiconductor manufature's exposure time (MET) between bake and bag and includes the maximum time allowed out of the bag at the distributor's facility.
- Table below presents the moisture sensitivity level definitions per IPC/JEDEC's J-STD-020D.

We Provide the Light to the world

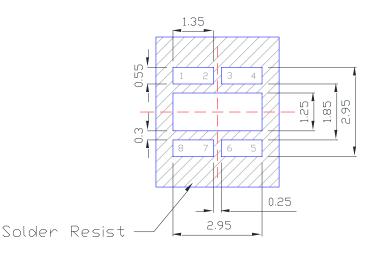


Recommended Solder Pad Design

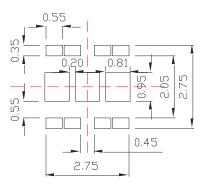
Solder Pad



Solder Resist



Solder Stencil



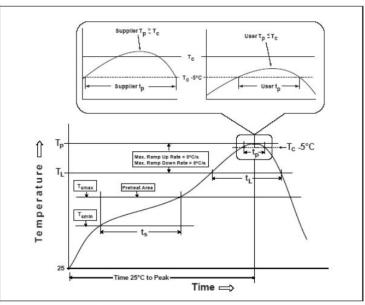
- All dimensions are in millimeters.
- Electrical isolation is required between Slug and Solder Pad.
- Recommended solder stencil thickness is 0.08mm

We Provide the Light to the world



Reflow Soldering Condition

| Profile Feature | Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly | Pb-Free Assembly | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Average Ramp-Up Rate | 3°C / second max. | 3°C / second max. | | |
| (T _{Smax} to T _P) | 5 C/ second max. | 3 C/ second max. | | |
| Preheat | | | | |
| – Temperature Min (T _{Smin}) | 100°C | 150°C | | |
| – Temperature Max (T _{Smax}) | 150°C | 200°C | | |
| – Time (t _{smin} to t _{smax}) | 60-120 seconds | 60-120 seconds | | |
| Time maintained above: | | | | |
| – Temperature (T _L) | 183°C | 217°C | | |
| – Time (t _L) | 60-150 seconds | 60-150 seconds | | |
| Peak/Classification Temperature (T _P) | 235°C | 250°C | | |
| Time Within 5°C of Actual Peak | 10-20 seconds | 20-30 seconds | | |
| Temperature (t _p) | 10-20 seconds | 20-50 seconds | | |
| Ramp-Down Rate | 6°C/second max. | 6°C/second max. | | |
| Time 25°C to Peak Temperature | 6 minutes max. | 8 minutes max. | | |

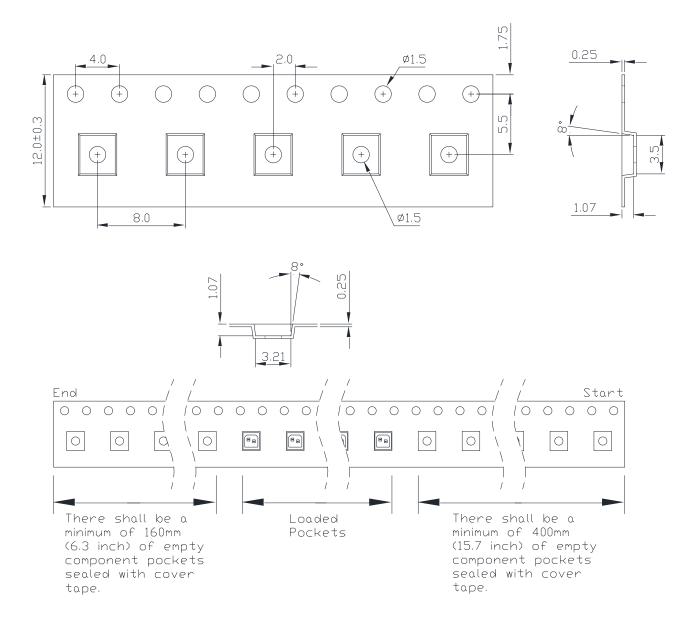


- We recommend using the M705-S101-S4 solder paste from SMIC (Senju Metal Industry Co., Ltd.) for lead-free soldering.
- Do not use solder pastes with post reflow flux residue>47%. (58Bi-42Sn eutectic alloy, etc) This kind of solder pastes may cause a reliability problem to LED.
- All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- Reflow soldering should not be done more than three times.
- When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

We Provide the Light to the world



Emitter Reel Packaging



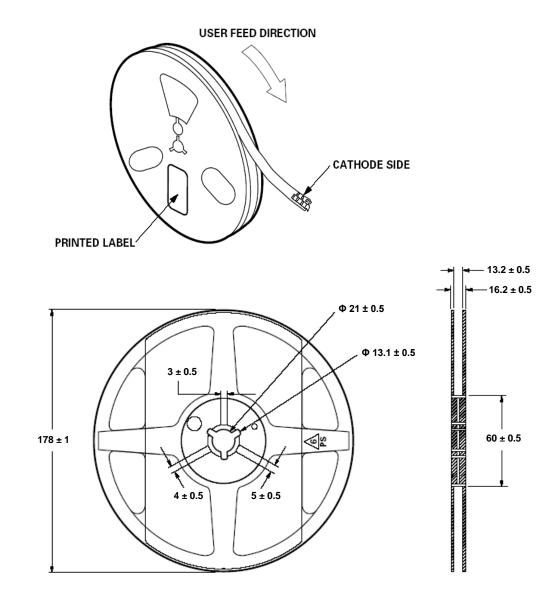
Notes:

- 1. Drawing not to scale.
- 2. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 3. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are \pm 0.10mm.

We Provide the Light to the world



Emitter Reel Packaging



Notes:

1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.

- 2. 250 and 500 pieces per reel.
- 3. Drawing not to scale.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters.

We Provide the Light to the world

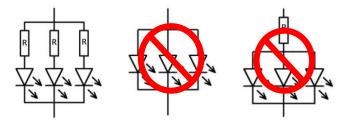


Precaution for Use

Storage

Please do not open the moisture barrier bag (MBB) more than one week. This may cause the leads of LED discoloration. We recommend storing ProLight's LEDs in a dry box after opening the MBB. The recommended storage conditions are temperature 5 to 30 °C and humidity less than 40% RH. It is also recommended to return the LEDs to the MBB and to reseal the MBB.

- LEDs are ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive; static electricity and surge voltages seriously damage UV LEDs and can result in product failure
- (1) Ensure that tools, jigs and machines being used are properly grounded
- (2) LED mounting equipment should include protection against voltage surge
- (3) Use proper ESD protection, including grounded wrist straps, ESD footwear and clothes
- We recommend using the M705-S101-S4 solder paste from SMIC (Senju Metal Industry Co., Ltd.) for lead-free soldering.
- Do not use solder pastes with post reflow flux residue>47%. (58Bi-42Sn eutectic alloy, etc) This kind of solder pastes may cause a reliability problem to LED.
- Different products have different forward voltage and radiant power. In the circuit design, the distribution of current and voltage should be considered to avoid exceeding the maximum rated parameters of this product. In order to ensure the best use, it is recommended to assign a resistor in series to each emitter in the matrix circuit.



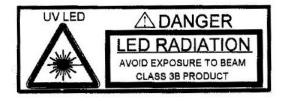
- Any mechanical force or any excess vibration shall not be accepted to apply during cooling process to normal temperature after soldering.
- Please avoid rapid cooling after soldering.
- Components should not be mounted on warped direction of PCB.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a heat plate should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent and etc. When cleaning is required, isopropyl alcohol should be used.
- When the LEDs are illuminating, operating current should be decide after considering the package maximum temperature.
- The appearance, specifications and flux bin of the product may be modified for improvement without notice. Please refer to the below website for the latest datasheets. <u>http://www.prolightopto.com/</u>

We Provide the Light to the world



Eye Safety Guidelines

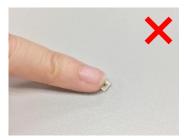
- During operation, the LED emits high intensity ultraviolet (UV) light, which is harmful to skin and eyes. UV light is hazardous to skin and may cause cancer. Avoid exposure to UV light when LED is operational. Precautions must be taken to avoid looking directly at the UV light without the use of UV light protective glasses. Do not look directly at the front of the LED or at the LED's lens when LED is operational.
- Attach warning labels on products/systems that use UV LEDs.



Use Handling of LEDs

Notes for handling of LEDs

- The LEDs should only be picked up by making contact with the sides of the LED body.
- Avoid leaving fingerprints on the LEDs.
- Please store the LEDs away from dusty areas or seal the product against dust.
- When populating boards in SMT production, there are basically no restrictions regarding the form of the pick and place nozzle, except that mechanical pressure on the LEDs must be prevented.
- Please do not mold over the LEDs with another resin. (epoxy, urethane, etc)
- The UV LED is not protected by a lens and requires careful handling
- (1) Do not handle the LED with bare hands as it may contaminate the LED surface and affect the optical characteristics.
- (2) Avoid touching the LED die





We Provide the Light to the world



DISCLAIMER

- The information in this document has been compiled from reference materials and other sources believed to be reliable, and given in good faith. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is made, however, to the accuracy and completeness of the information, nor is any responsibility assumed or implied for any loss or damage resulting from inaccuracies or omissions. Each user bears full responsibility for making their own determination as to the suitability of Prolight products, recommendations or advice for its own particular use. Prolight makes no warranty or guarantee, express or implied, as to results obtained in end-use, nor of any design incorporating its Products, recommendation or advice.
- Each user must identify and performall tests and analyses necessary to ensure that it's finished application incorporating Prolight products will be safe and suitable for use under end-use conditions. Each user of devices assumes full responsibility to become educated in and to protect from harmful irradiation. Prolight specifically disclaims any and all liability for harm arising from buyer's use or misuse of UV devices either in development or end-use.

We Provide the Light to the world